



# Fruit Trees

Shade Trees   Flowering Trees   Nut Trees   Grapes

## Paradise Garden Ctr.

Corner of Washington & Dufferin 7109 Dufferin Avenue  
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**FUJI APPLE** Introduction from Japan that quickly became CA's favorite apple. Sweet, very crisp and flavorful, excellent keeper. Dull reddish orange skin, sometimes russeted. Ripe mid September. Excellent pollinizer for other apple varieties. Low chilling requirement - less than 500 hours. Self-fruitful. USDA Zones 6 - 9

**GALA APPLE (Original Gala)** Wonderful dessert apple from New Zealand. Crisp, nice blend of sweetness and tartness, rich flavor. Skin reddish orange over yellow. Early harvest, 2 - 3 weeks before Red Delicious. Good pollinizer for other varieties. Adapted to cold and warm-winter climates. Chilling requirement less than 500 hours. Self-fruitful. USDA Zones 4 - 10

**PINK LADY® APPLE (Cripps Pink)** Hot climate apple from Western Australia. Very crisp, sweet tart, distinct flavor, good keeper. Skin reddish pink over green when ripe. White flesh resists browning. Harvest begins late October in Central CA., about three weeks after Fuji. Self-fruitful. 300-400 hours. (Pat. No. 7880). USDA Zones 6 - 9

**LAPINS CHERRY** Self-fruitful, dark red sweet cherry from Canada. Large, firm, good flavor. Similar to Van in color, Bing in shape. Sometimes sold as "Self-fertile Bing." Ripens 4 days after Bing. 400 hours or less. USDA Zones 5 - 9

**BLACK MISSION FIG** The industry standard. Purplish-black skin, strawberry-colored flesh, rich flavor. Heavy bearing, long-lived, large tree. Coast or inland. Fresh/dry/can. 100 hours. Self-fruitful. USDA Zones 7 - 9

**IMPROVED BROWN TURKEY FIG** Large, brown skin, pink flesh. Sweet, rich flavor, used fresh. Widely adapted -coast or inland climate. Small tree, prune to any shape. 100 hours. Self-fruitful. USDA Zones 7 - 9

**KADOTA FIG** Large, light greenish-yellow 'white' skin, amber flesh. Long-lived, vigorous. Prune to any shape. Very sweet fruit needs hot weather to ripen. Fresh/dry/can. 100 hours. Self-fruitful. USDA Zones 7 - 9

**NECTAR BABE MINIATURE NECTARINE** Excellent quality fruit: mid-season yellow freestone with sweet, rich, delicious flavor. Heavy bearing 5-6 ft. tree. 400 hours or less. Pollenized by Honey Babe or other peach or nectarine. (Zaiger)

**ARBOSANA L43® OLIVE** The dwarf Arbosana tree produces large crops of small olives with high concentrations of premium olive oil. The Arbosana flavor is a Complex mixture of fruitiness with a good balance of pungency and bitterness. The late-bearing Arbosana variety is fairly cold hardy though not as hardy as Arbequina. Like Arbequina, Arbosana is self-fertile, but produces higher yields when paired with a pollinizer such as Arbequina or Koroneiki.

**FRANTOIO OLIVE** One of the world's premier oil varieties. The medium-sized fruit also makes a good table olive after curing. The variety features a delightful balance of fruitiness, bitterness and pungency. Frantoio is highly frost-sensitive. Frantoio is self-fertile, but increases yields when pollenized by one of the other tuscan varieties such as Pendolino or Leccino.

**MANZANILLO OLIVE** The most popular table olive in CA., Manzanillo is a large, round freestone with a high flesh to pit ratio. As the Spanish Manzanillo olive ripens, the flavor becomes fruitier and less bitter, but the water content increases making it better suited to curing than extracting. The Manzanillo tree is moderately vigorous with a spreading growth habit and medium density. Though partially self-fertile, yields will increase when Manzanillo is pollenized by Sevillano or Ascolano. This variety is moderately cold hardy.

**MISSION OLIVE** The Mission olive is a large, erect tree used for table olives and olive oil production. This variety is tolerant of cold, salinity and drought. The Mission tree is moderately resistant to olive knot. The freestone Mission fruit produces a bitter flavor when harvested green, but matures to a complex blend of buttery and tropical flavors. Though partially self fertile, Mission will set fuller crops when pollenized by another olive such as Sevillano or Ascolano.

**BONANZA MINIATURE PEACH** Popular yellow freestone- large fruit is sweet, low in acid, with a mild, refreshing flavor. Mid to late June in Central CA, earlier in low desert climates. 5-6 ft. tree. Chilling requirement very low, 250 hours or less. Self-fruitful.

**BABCOCK WHITE PEACH** Long time favorite white fleshed freestone. Sweet and juicy, aromatic, low in acid. High scoring in taste tests. Ripens mid July in Central CA. Widely adapted (low chill requirement, yet not early blooming). 250-300 hours. Self-fruitful.

**WONDERFUL POMEGRANATE** Large, purple-red fruit with delicious, tangy flavor. Best quality in hot inland climate. Gaudy red orange bloom, ornamental foliage. Long-lived, any soil. 150 hours. Self-fruitful.

**ALL-IN-ONE GENETIC SEMI-DWARF ALMOND** No. 1 almond for home orchards. Heavy crops of soft shell nuts with sweet, flavorful kernels. Hot summer required to ripen. 15 ft. tree, very winter & frost hardy. 300-400 hrs. Self-fruitful. (Expired Pat. No. 4304) (Zaiger)

**PEDRO WALNUT** Very small tree, less than 2/3 the size of other varieties. Well-sealed nut, similar to Payne, has perhaps the finest-flavored kernel - winner of consumer taste tests. Widely adapted, excellent choice for home planting. 400 hours. Self fruitful. (Rootstock: NCB walnut.)

**MISTY BLUEBERRY** Southern Highbush. Early, in the West Misty is quite vigorous, growing very well both on the coast and in the inland heat. This excellent flavored fruit does well in areas with chilling as low as 150 hours and all areas with mild winters and hot summers.

**O'NEAL BLUEBERRY** Southern Highbush (low chill, tolerates heat). Large fruit is especially sweet and flavorful. Early season. Soil must be acidic, high in humus. 5-6 ft. bush. 200 hours. Self-fruitful, but plant two varieties for largest crops.

**NAVAJO BLACKBERRY** Upright. Thornless. 1988 University of Arkansas introduction. Superb flavor in a small berry. Fruit is firm with significantly smaller seeds than other thornless varieties. Upright canes require no support. Moderate resistance to anthracnose. Popular with home gardeners and commercial producers alike. USDA Zone 6-10.

**TRIPLE CROWN BLACKBERRY** Semi-trailing. Thornless. Medium to large flavorful berries. Dense foliage prevents sunscald. Begins to ripen in early August. Vigorous vines to 15' require support. Very productive, reliable harvests. USDA Zones 5-12.

**HERITAGE RASPBERRY** Everbearing. Large, dark red with mild flavor yet excellent quality. 5-6' upright, vigorous canes spread rapidly by suckers. Can adapt to heavier soils but roots will rot in areas with poor drainage. First ripe berries in early July; biggest harvests in the fall. USDA Zone 3-9.

**FLAME SEEDLESS GRAPE** Medium-sized, light red. Crisp, sweet, excellent flavor. For fresh use or raisins. Needs hot summer. Ripens before Thompson. Vigorous. 100 hours. Self-fruitful. Cane or spur prune.

**THOMPSON SEEDLESS GRAPE** Most popular grape in CA, AZ. Fresh & raisins. Pale green, very sweet. Thin the clusters for larger berries. Needs plenty of heat. 100 hours. Self-fruitful. Cane prune.

**WEeping FLOWERING CHERRY** (*Prunus subhirtella* 'pendula') Showy double pink flowers. High grafted at about six feet, tree grows to 12-18 ft. Graceful weeping limbs nearly reach the ground. Requires good drainage. Cold hardy. Not tolerant of desert heat.

**EUROPEAN WHITE BIRCH** - *Betula pendula* Most popular deciduous tree in the West. 30-40 ft. high, with weeping side branches and delicate, lacy foliage. White bark. Does best with ample water and fertilizer. Sunset Zones 1-11, 14-24.

**DRAKE EVERGREEN (CHINESE) ELM** - *Ulmus parvifolia* 'Drake' Deciduous in cold climates, evergreen elsewhere. Very fast growth to 50 ft. Long arching/weeping limbs, tree wider than tall. Virtually pest/disease-free. Sunset Zones 8-9, 12-24.

**BURGUNDY DESERT WILLOW** - *Chilopsis linearis* 'Burgundy' Small tree grows moderately fast to 20 ft. Long narrow leaves, distinctive crooked trunks with shaggy bark. Open growing, casts light shade. Attractive, large, trumpet-shaped, fragrant, reddish-purple flowers attract hummingbirds. Long flowering season, spring to fall. Sunset Zones 11-13, 18-21.

**FOREST PANSY REDBUD** - *Cercis canadensis* 'Forest Pansy' Striking scarlet colored new foliage turning maroon and then green as the leaves mature. Highly valued as a landscape accent. Swelling buds break pinkish-red along the bare branches, similar to Eastern redbud. Moderate grower to 20 ft. with a spreading habit. Sunset Zones 1-3, 7-20.

**MEXICAN REDBUD** - *Cercis canadensis mexicana* Profuse pinkish-purple flowers in spring. Glossy, scalloped, blue-green leaves. Tolerates hot summers. Smaller than other redbuds, to 15-20 ft. Sunset Zones 4-24.

**PURPLE SMOKE TREE** - *Cotinus coggygria* 'atropurpurea' Purple foliage, rich purple "smoke": hazy appearing clusters of fuzzy, purple flower stalks. Multi-trunked shrub or small tree to 20 by 20 ft. Likes cold, needs good drainage, resists oak root fungus. All Zones.

**WEeping WILLOW** - *Salix babylonica* Fast-growing, cold hardy, short-dormant period. Long narrow leaves, pronounced weeping growth habit. Needs plenty of water. Stake high to develop usable area underneath. 30 by 30 ft. or larger.

**CHARLES JOLY LILAC (French Hybrid)** Dark purplish red, double flowers. Full flowering and true color reached in 2-3 years. Plants bloom best after cold winters. Full sun (light shade in hottest areas), prefers alkaline soil, average water. 10-15 ft. bush.

**WISTERIA, PURPLE No. 1 (Cooke's Purple)** Early bloomer usually flowers the first season. Long clusters of dark purple flowers.